SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 3 July 2015 Version 4

Section 1. Identification	
Product name	: ACRYLIC MODIFIED ALKYD ENAMEL
Product code	: ALK-200M-1
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Industrial applications.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place, Pittsburgh, PA 15272
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) 01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)
Technical Phone Number	: 1-800-647-6050

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS)) - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 78%

GHS label elements

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	anger
Hazard statements	 Fighly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	Detain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	Even medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	Add this product only to water. Never add water to this product. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER.
Hazards not otherwise classified	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Product name

: ACRYLIC MODIFIED ALKYD ENAMEL

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
xylene	≥41 - <50	1330-20-7
n-butyl acetate	≥10 - <25	123-86-4
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥10 - <25	108-65-6
diiron trioxide	≥10 - <25	1309-37-1
acetone	≥10 - <25	67-64-1
titanium dioxide	≥10 - <25	13463-67-7
butanone	≥10 - <23	78-93-3
heptan-2-one	≥9.7 - <10	110-43-0
ethylbenzene	≥7.3 - <10	100-41-4
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	≥5 - <10	64742-95-6
2-butoxyethanol	≥5.4 - <10	111-76-2
4,4'-[(3,3'-dichloro[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl)bis(azo)]bis[2,4-dihydro-5-methyl-2-	≥3 - <5	15793-73-4
(p-tolyl)-3H-pyrazol-3-one]		
carbon black, respirable powder	≥3 - <5	1333-86-4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≥3.2 - <5	95-63-6
toluene	≥3 - <5	108-88-3
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	≥3 - <5	7429-90-5
barium sulfate	≥1 - <3	7727-43-7
IRGAZIN DPP ORANGE 16A	≥1 - <3	84632-59-7
aluminium hydroxide	≥1 - <3	21645-51-2
Stoddard solvent	≥1 - <3	8052-41-3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	≥1 - <3	64742-94-5
zinc sulphide	≥1 - <3	1314-98-3
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	≥0.1 - <0.3	27253-31-2
2-butanone oxime	≥0.1 - <0.3	96-29-7
naphthalene	≥0.1 - <0.3	91-20-3
cumene	≥0.1 - <0.3	98-82-8

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	Femove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
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Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Most important symptoms/	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
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Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non- emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste
	disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	Ingestion of product or cured coating may be harmful. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. Add this product only to water. Never add water to this product.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
IPEL (PPG, 4/2009).
TWA: 50 ppm
ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
fraction
OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
STEL: 1782 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 1188 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
STEL: 885 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 15 mg/m³, (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Total dust
aluminium powder (stabilised)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Total
toluene	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. CEIL: 300 ppm TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
4,4'-[(3,3'-dichloro[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl)bis(azo)]bis[2,4-dihydro- 5-methyl-2-(p-tolyl)-3H-pyrazol-3-one] carbon black, respirable powder	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
2-butoxyethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. None.
ethylbenzene	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
heptan-2-one	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
IRGAZIN DPP ORANGE 16A	ACGIH TLV (United States).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ Form: Inhalable
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ Form: Respirable
	OSHA PEL (United States).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ Form: Respirable
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ Form: Total dust
aluminium hydroxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	ACGIH TLV (United States).
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³
Stoddard solvent	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	TWA: 525 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 323 mg/m 6 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 2900 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
Salvant nanhtha (natroloum), haavu aram	None.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	None.
zinc sulphide	None.
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	
2-butanone oxime	IPEL (PPG).
	TWA: 3 ppm
	STEL: 9 ppm
naphthalene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 52 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
cumene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 245 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
L	
A = Acceptable Maximum Peak Key to abbreviation	ns S = Potential skin absorption
A = Acceptable Maximum Peak ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.	SR = Respiratory sensitization
C = Ceiling Limit	SS = Skin sensitization
F = Fume	STEL = Short term Exposure limit values
IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit	TD = Total dust
	TLV There are also believed to be a

TLV

TWA

= Threshold Limit Value

= Time Weighted Average

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration. R = Respirable

Z = OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Recommended monitoring procedures	s product contains ingredients with exposure lir sphere or biological monitoring may be require entilation or other control measures and/or the ctive equipment. Reference should be made t rence to national guidance documents for meth rdous substances will also be required.	ed to determine the effectiveness of necessity to use respiratory o appropriate monitoring standards.
Appropriate engineering controls	only with adequate ventilation. Use process er engineering controls to keep worker exposure nmended or statutory limits. The engineering r or dust concentrations below any lower explo lation equipment.	to airborne contaminants below any controls also need to keep gas,
Environmental exposure controls	sions from ventilation or work process equipm comply with the requirements of environmenta s, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifi e necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable	l protection legislation. In some cations to the process equipment
Individual protection measur		
Hygiene measures	n hands, forearms and face thoroughly after ha g, smoking and using the lavatory and at the e opriate techniques should be used to remove p aminated work clothing should not be allowed aminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that yers are close to the workstation location.	nd of the working period. ootentially contaminated clothing. out of the workplace. Wash
Eye/face protection <u>Skin protection</u>	nical splash goggles.	
Hand protection	nical-resistant, impervious gloves complying w at all times when handling chemical products ssary. Considering the parameters specified b g use that the gloves are still retaining their pro d that the time to breakthrough for any glove m e manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, cons ction time of the gloves cannot be accurately e	if a risk assessment indicates this is by the glove manufacturer, check otective properties. It should be aterial may be different for different isting of several substances, the
Gloves	rubber	
Body protection	onal protective equipment for the body should rmed and the risks involved and should be app ling this product. When there is a risk of ignition protective clothing. For the greatest protection Id include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves	broved by a specialist before on from static electricity, wear anti- n from static discharges, clothing
Other skin protection	opriate footwear and any additional skin protec d on the task being performed and the risks in alist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	irator selection must be based on known or ar rds of the product and the safe working limits of xposed to concentrations above the exposure ied respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purify an approved standard if a risk assessment indi	of the selected respirator. If workers limit, they must use appropriate, ing or air-fed respirator complying

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: -15.56°C (4°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	: 1.13
Density(lbs / gal)	: 9.43
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	: 66% (v/v), 58% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	: 41.86

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
x ylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
5	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	_
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
diiron trioxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	_
acetone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	76000 mg/m ³	4 hours
acetone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20 g/kg	- 110013
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.8 g/kg	
titanium dioxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	
butanone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11243 ppm	4 hours
butanone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	4 110015
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
heptan-2-one	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit		-
neptan-2-one	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.206 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene			1.6 g/kg	- 1 houro
ettyibenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal	Rat Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
			17.8 g/kg	-
Calvert norbth a (notraleum)	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
light aromatic		Det	0.400	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
2-butoxyethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
4,4'-[(3,3'-dichloro[1,1'- biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl)bis(azo)]bis [2,4-dihydro-5-methyl-2-(p- tolyl)-3H-pyrazol-3-one]	LD50 Oral	Rat	15 g/kg	-
carbon black, respirable	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3 g/kg	-
powder				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
IRGAZIN DPP ORANGE 16A	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
Stoddard solvent	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>1.693 g/kg	-
heavy arom.				
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Section 11. Toxicological information

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	LD50 Oral			Rat	3.2 g/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Oral			Rat	930 mg/kg	-
naphthalene	LD50 Dern	nal		Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral			Rat	490 mg/kg	-
cumene	LC50 Inha		r	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dern	nal		Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral			Rat	1400 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	There are	e no data av	vailable on th	e mixture itself.		
Irritation/Corrosion						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	There are	e no data av	vailable on th	e mixture itself.		
Eyes	There are	e no data av	vailable on th	e mixture itself.		
Respiratory	There are	e no data av	vailable on th	e mixture itself.		
<u>Sensitization</u>						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	There are	e no data av	vailable on th	e mixture itself.		
Respiratory	There are	e no data av	vailable on th	e mixture itself.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>						
Conclusion/Summary						
Carcinogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	There are	e no data av	vailable on th	e mixture itself.		
Classification						
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP			
x ylene	-	3	-			
diiron trioxide	-	3	-			
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-			
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-			
2-butoxyethanol	-	3	-			
4,4'-[(3,3'-dichloro[1,1'-	-	2A	Known to be	e a human carcin	logen.	
biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl)bis(azo)]bis						
[2,4-dihydro-5-methyl-2-(p-						
tolyl)-3H-pyrazol-3-one]						
carbon black, respirable	-	2B	-			
powder						
toluene	-	3	-			
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	-	2B	-			
naphthalene cumene	-	2B 2B			e a human carcino e a human carcino	
	1 -	E2B	I Reasonably	anticinated to he	a numan carcino	nden

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
acetone	Category 3
butanone	Category 3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3
toluene	Category 3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 3
cumene	Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category
ethylbenzene	Category 2
2-butoxyethanol	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
Stoddard solvent	Category 1
naphthalene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver, heart, spleen, lymphatic system, peripheral nervous system, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, bone marrow, ears, testes.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Stoddard solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

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	watering redness
Eye contact	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation
Over-exposure signs	/symptoms
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo
	unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure Potential immediate	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effe	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
General	 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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Section 11. Toxicological information

- Teratogenicity **Developmental effects**
- : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Fertility effects** : Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Oral	4520.4 mg/kg	
Dermal	4692 mg/kg	
Inhalation (gases)	18021.5 ppm	
Inhalation (vapors)	35.87 mg/l	
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	4.802 mg/l	

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
P-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 161 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Young of the year	48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
x ylene	-	-	Readily
acetone	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
2-butoxyethanol	-	-	Readily
toluene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
vlene	3.16	7.4 to 18.5	low
n-butyl acetate	1.78	-	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.56	-	low
acetone	-0.24	3	low
butanone	0.29	-	low
heptan-2-one	1.98	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.15	79.43	low
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low
toluene	2.73	8.32	low
Stoddard solvent	3.16 to 7.06	-	high
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	low
	I	I	United States Page: 16/20

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Section 12. Ecological information				
naphthalene	3.3	85.11	low	/
cumene	3.66	35.48	low	V

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	П	П	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (Ibs)	235.78	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(xylene, ethylbenzene)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

DOT

: Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

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Product name ACRYLIC MODIFIED ALKYD ENAMEL

14. Transport information

IMDG : None identified.

IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304 SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard)
xylene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	
n-butyl acetate	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.	ł
acetone	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
titanium dioxide	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	÷
butanone	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
heptan-2-one	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	ł
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	+
2-butoxyethanol	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	ł
4,4'-[(3,3'-dichloro[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'- diyl)bis(azo)]bis[2,4-dihydro-5-methyl- 2-(p-tolyl)-3H-pyrazol-3-one]	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	T
carbon black, respirable powder	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	ł
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
toluene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	ł
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.	ł
IRGAZIN DPP ORANGE 16A	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.	ł
Stoddard solvent	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	ł
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
zinc sulphide	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
				Unite	d States	Page: 18/

Section 15. Regulatory information

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt 2-butanone oxime naphthalene	No. Yes. Yes.	No. No. No.	No. No. Yes.	Yes. Yes.	Yes. Yes. Yes.
cumene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

<u>SARA 313</u>

	Chemical name	<u>CAS number</u>	Concentration
Supplier notification	: xylene	1330-20-7	30 - 60
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	5 - 10
	2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	3 - 7
	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1 - 5
	toluene	108-88-3	1 - 5
	Aluminium powder (stabilized)	7429-90-5	1 - 5
	zinc sulphide	1314-98-3	0.5 - 1.5
	naphthalene	91-20-3	0.1 - 1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 * Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 0

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

	bility : 3 Instability : 0
Date of previous issue	: 3/18/2015
Organization that prepared the MSDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Product name ACRYLIC MODIFIED ALKYD ENAMEL

Section 16. Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

<u>Disclaimer</u>

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.